

Bill to Repay Bomb Victims Being Framed

Assemblyman Drawing Up Measure for State to Reimburse Losses Suffered Through "Red" Outrages

Power to Rest in Court

Joseph Steinberg, Manhattan, Originator of Scheme, Hopes for Early Action

While Emma Goldman, Alexander Berkman, and other anarchists of high and low degree were on the high seas last night, bound for Russia, Assemblyman Joseph Steinberg, of Manhattan, was at work on a bill to reimburse public officials and others who suffered losses because of the bomb outrages of the Goldman-Berkman cult.

The proposed measure had its inspiration in the attempt of the anarchists on June 3 last to destroy the family of Judge Charles C. Nott, of General Sessions. Judge Nott had incurred the enmity of the "Reds" by the sentence he had imposed on ten anarchists earlier in the year.

Shortly after midnight on June 3 the anarchists planted a bomb, which it was estimated contained twenty-five pounds of dynamite, in the vestibule of Judge Nott's home at 151 East Sixty-first Street. His family happened to be in the country at the time. The bomb exploded and killed a night watchman and a woman and tore out the front of Judge Nott's home. The financial loss to Judge Nott was in excess of \$8,000.

The following day the "Reds" planted a similar bomb in the Washington home of United States Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer. The bomb exploded immediately after the anarchist placed it, and he was blown to bits. Several other bombs were planted, many of them exploded, in the same forty-eight hours.

"It is only right that public officials who suffer loss through the violence of 'Red' whom they have been running down should be reimbursed by the state," said Assemblyman Steinberg. "I have not yet worked out the details of the bill, but in brief it will confer power on the courts, probably the Court of Claims, to make awards to victims of the 'Reds' after substantial proof of loss has been laid before the court."

Goldman and Berkman in "Anarchists' Farewell"

Departing "Reds" Commiserate "Enslaved" Americans in Statement They Left Behind

Last before she sailed Emma Goldman landed to Mrs. Stella Connors Ballentine, 24 Grove Street, her niece, a statement signed by herself and Berkman. The statement, which is intended as the anarchists' farewell, was made public yesterday by Mrs. Ballentine. It reads:

"Thirty years ago an American returned from Siberia with a most heart-rending story of the living death to which political exiles in Siberia were doomed by the czars of Russia. That American was George Kennan. Like an inspired apostle he went about this country arousing the people to indignation and protest against the crimes and horrors perpetrated upon the best and finest of Russia's youth because of their political and social opinions."

"It was Kennan who, aided by other liberal Americans, organized the first society of the Friends of Russian Freedom. With them Kennan labored incessantly until two years ago. They saw the hated Czar and his regime hurled to oblivion and the Siberian exiles brought back in triumph from their living graves to free Russia."

"History certainly repeats itself. Democratic America was the first to give asylum to all political refugees. America, a friend and generous hostess giving aid and comfort to the Russian exiles in their war upon the Romanoffs, has now herself introduced exile and punishment for opinion's sake, and the Kennans and the Lyman Abbots and other erstwhile champions of a free Russia have not a word of protest against the growing enslavement of their native land against the exile and punishment of political refugees in America."

"We have drawn wisdom from the more fountains of Emerson, gained courage from Garrison and Wendell Phillips, and from Thoreau, the anarchist, we learned the cruelty and futility of government."

"In truth we owe much to America. We are sure we cannot show our gratitude in a better and fuller measure than by rendering aid and comfort to the American people in their war upon their industrial masters and their corrupt and despotic government. We will therefore exert our best efforts to help the American people to freedom, even as they have helped to free Russia."

"We, the first American political refugees, will yet live to see America truly brave and truly free, and we will be recalled by this land to rejoice with her people in their triumphant achievement."

On Their Way to Anarchists' Paradise



Left to right (above)—Dora Lipkin, Emma Goldman and Ethel Bernstein. Below—Arthur Katzes, Alexander Berkman and Peter Bianky

Louisville Dedicated Anew to Americanism

15,000 Attend Loyalty Meeting as Fealty Campaign Ends

Special Correspondence
LOUISVILLE, Dec. 21.—A loyalty meeting in the Armory to-night, in which 15,000 people rededicated themselves to principles of Americanism, closed Louisville's three-day fealty campaign. School children, ministers and civic organizations cooperated with the local post of the American Legion in a renewal of pledges to American ideals.

Officials of the Legion announced to-day a declaration of war on German language newspapers. A committee will be named to present to the General Assembly when it convenes in January a measure requiring German newspapers to print in English all that is printed in German.

Haywood Pleads Own Cause

I. W. W. Leader Speaks in Detroit, With 50 Police Present

Special Correspondence
DETROIT, Dec. 21.—William D. Haywood, I. W. W. leader, who was barred from speaking in Detroit three weeks ago, delivered an address to 2,000 persons here to-day. Dr. James W. Inches, Police Commissioner, backed by fifty uniformed policemen and an equal number of plain clothes men, also were in attendance.

Haywood's speech was mainly an appeal for himself and other I. W. W. men convicted of obstructing the draft. He expressed hope that the Supreme Court would grant new trials. He is now out on \$15,000 bonds, he explained, with a sentence of thirty-six years in Leavenworth penitentiary hanging over him.

"Our conviction in Chicago was the greatest mistake and the greatest crime ever committed against justice," he said.

Big War Cancellation Award

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—Awards by the Shipping Board involving \$22,171,934 for the cancellation of contracts were announced to-night. A total of 341 cases amounting to \$18,300,360 have been approved for payment and fifty-two advances totaling \$3,897,574 have been recommended.

News To Be Printed on Brown Wrapping Paper

"East St. Louis Journal" Driven to Novel Method by Loss of Car in Wreck

Special Correspondence
ST. LOUIS, Dec. 21.—Allen T. Spivey, publisher of "The East St. Louis Daily Journal," announced to-day that tomorrow's issue of the newspaper would be printed on light brown wrapping paper, owing to the shortage of white newsprint paper. Loss in a railroad wreck of a consignment of paper and impossibility of obtaining further loans of white paper from the depleted supplies of other publishers are responsible for the innovation, the publisher said. To-day's issue of "The Daily Journal" was printed partly on brown newsprint and partly on book paper that alone cost more than the sale price of the completed newspaper.

The proposed printing on wrapping paper ranks with the publication of a Memphis newspaper on wallpaper during the Civil War and of "The Chicago Times" on a handbill after the Chicago fire, among the oddities of newspaper production.

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THE DICTAPHONE

Pioneer Anarchists Leave Crop of 60,000 Reds in U. S.

16 of Berkman's 30 Years Here Spent in Prison and Goldman Spent 3 in Cell; Treason, Bombs, Even McKinley's Assassination Laid to Their Teachings

The deportation of Emma Goldman and her devoted companion, Alexander Berkman, ends a joint career of thirty years in the United States, during which they preached the overthrow of government by violence. He spent sixteen years and she three in jail, but they were never punished for the part their teachings played in attacks by others on life and property.

Berkman served fourteen years for shooting Henry Clay Frick and two years for urging young men to abstain from registering for the draft early in the war. Miss Goldman was in prison two years for opposing conscription and one year for inciting to riot. Berkman was never brought to trial on an indictment for murder in connection with the Preparedness Day bomb outrage in San Francisco. Miss Goldman was acquitted of illegal distribution of birth control literature.

Their joint activities as publishers of the anarchist magazines "Mother Earth" and "The Blast," suppressed during the war, combined with their addresses at anarchists' meetings, helped cause the assassination of President McKinley, the government charged in its deportation proceedings. The confession of Czolgosz described the influence which Miss Goldman's writings had on him.

Influenced Coast Dynamiters
Their influence was traced in the dynamiting of "The Los Angeles Times," Matthew Schmidt and David Caplan, now in jail with others for that crime, were "of the Goldman clan," Attorney General Palmer has said.

They were suspected of receiving German money to oppose preparedness here before the United States entered the war.

They cooperated with German spies in endeavoring to promote a revolution in India during the war.

They were the pioneer radicals in the United States. Now there are 60,000 "Reds" here and 472 disloyal foreign-language newspapers, according to Attorney General Palmer.

Denounced by judges and other public officials from President Roosevelt down as enemies of the country seeking to destroy it, but regarded by women anarchists who greeted them with kisses as "beautiful characters, a hundred years ahead of their times," they so increased their following that it was easy for them to raise \$15,000 or \$25,000 bail in cash or Liberty bonds. Yet fines of \$10,000 each for opposing the draft were unpaid. They had no property, they said.

Deportation Urged 10 Years
For more than ten years their deportation had been agitated and at times seemed near, but no formal proceedings for this purpose were instituted until the alarming radical activities of 1919, including the Seattle and Winnipeg general strikes, the sending of bombs through the mails to Attorney General Palmer and other prominent men, the formation of branches of the Communist party and plans for anarchist demonstrations on the anniversary of the formation of the Soviet Republic of Russia, which were frustrated by country-wide raids in November. These raids made a total of 697 anarchists seized by the United States on deportation proceedings in the last two years.

When their co-workers, the Nihilists in Russia, whence they came in youth, evolved into the Bolsheviks and formed the Soviet government after the downfall of the monarchy, Berkman and

Miss Goldman championed a similar government and social order for this country. Berkman when surrendered for deportation predicted that he would return to the United States as Soviet Ambassador and Miss Goldman prophesied a revolution here within five years.

"American capitalists are the most greedy in the world," she said, "and when the time comes they are going to pay a terrible price for it. A thunderous storm is brewing in the United States."

Repudiated Violence in Court
Yet when given opportunity during their many appearances in court to air their views they repudiated violence.

"The anarchist never advocates a reign of terror," said Berkman. "Anarchism means the negation of violence. Anarchists teach self-reliance, co-operation and mutual aid in opposition to existing institutions and authority."

In reply to one such exposition after Berkman's conviction in New York for opposing the draft the United States Attorney said to the court:

"The court should know that this man, who now claims to be for universal peace and says he is against the use of violence, in 1892 went into Mr. Frick's office (in Pittsburgh) and tried to shoot him down without giving his victim an opportunity to defend himself. He shot him in the back as he would a dog."

"The first terrorist act in America" is the way Berkman described his attack on Frick in his book, "Prison Memoirs of an Anarchist."

Berkman's last hour of freedom in this country expired early this month in New York City while Henry Clay Frick was being buried in Pittsburgh and mourned as a public benefactor.

Goldman Forty-nine, Berkman Fifty
Emma Goldman is forty-nine years old and Berkman fifty. She was born in Kovno, Russia, and in early childhood removed with her parents to East Prussia. When fifteen years old she came to the United States and started working in clothing factories in Rochester, N. Y.

Recently asked who her relatives were, Miss Goldman replied: "I have children all over the United States."

"They can't keep me out," she said in 1907, when there was talk of deporting her. "I don't believe they would be foolish enough to try. My father is an American citizen. I married an American citizen."

Her father came to the United States

in 1886, one year after her arrival, and was naturalized at Rochester when his daughter was twenty-four years old.

Her association with Berkman began thirty years ago in New York. Other than that from Russia, which seems to have concealed his prior history pretty well. When he was released from the Western Pennsylvania prison after serving his time for shooting Mr. Frick there were reports that he had married Miss Goldman in New Jersey, but the marriage was never recorded and at their trial for obstructing the draft both testified they were single.

"I Represent the Devil"

"I represent the devil," said Miss Goldman at one of her meetings. "I am an apostle upholding glorious freedom, the apostle standing out against law and order and decency and morality. I am for the devil who leads the way to the absolute yielding up to all the emotions here and now. Women are the slaves of little laws and conventions. They'll learn to break the laws some day."

Berkman and Miss Goldman made their headquarters in New York, where their magazines were published, but they were known in every large city in the United States, and also addressed anarchist meetings in Canada, England, Australia, Holland and other countries.

These meetings enabled them to live as comfortably as any despised capitalist could wish. Admission fees were charged, circulars sold and subscriptions to their magazines taken. At the last meeting they addressed in Chicago, prior to their deportation, the contributions to help them fight deportation were \$5,600. Miss Goldman's bankbook, seized when her magazine was suppressed, showed weekly deposits running from \$50 to \$700, with one of more than \$3,700. They lived at the best hotels. In fact, they offered to pay their own way to Russia, or, failing that, the difference between steerage and first class, in order to have the best accommodations.

Aero Mailman Halts A Train to Get Water

NEWARK, N. J., Dec. 21.—An Erie train, crowded with commuters, was ambling along the West Orange branch of the line yesterday, when a mechanic hailed it at Heller Field, the landing place for the air mail service.

The mechanic explained that the Chicago mail plane was ready to set out, but the engine could not be started in such weather without plenty of hot water, and every water pipe on the field was frozen. The Erie engineer said he had lots of hot water—a whole boiler full—and the aviator could help himself.

While the commuters got out and watched, employees at the field rolled two fifty-gallon tanks alongside the locomotive and both were filled with steaming water. After the tanks had

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been filled the locomotive puffed resolutely and rolled along toward West Orange. Before the flying field was left behind the commuters saw the mail plane take the air and head for Chicago.

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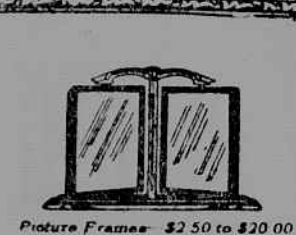
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